SPACE GRANT EVALUATION UPDATE

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Space Grant Evaluation

- Draft evaluation questions address the following topics:
 - Compliance with Public Law 100-147 and alignment with the priorities of NASA Education and NASA research and technology development
 - Program management practices, including the application and award process
 - Consortium-level and overall program impact
 - Identification of effective practices in consortia partnerships
 - Challenges, barriers, and constraints to obtaining high-quality results

SG Evaluation Phases*



Planning

- Community consultation on evaluation questions, existing data sources, and past SG evaluation methods and rubrics
- · Data quality assessment
- Evaluation planning



Data Collection & Analysis

- Collection and analysis of existing data held by NASA and other stakeholders
- Anticipate continuing some processes from past evaluations and introducing new processes



Reporting & Recommendations

- Comments period for draft report
- Community discussion of recommendations

STAKEHOLDER INVOLVEMENT

*This information is TENTATIVE, and for planning purposes only



Evaluation Planning

- To fully document the current SG program model in consultation with the SG stakeholder community;
- ii. To conduct an assessment of SG performance data, reporting and program documentation;
- iii. To prepare a design and plan for an external evaluation study and make formal recommendations to improve NASA's performance monitoring.

Technical assistance provided by Paragon TEC

SPACE GRANT LOGIC MODEL RECOMMENDATIONS

Space Grant National Model

Something that's most unique about the Space Grant Program is that it's a national program with shared goals across the country where each state consortium contributes in a unique way to meeting the goals of the National Space Grant and that sets up very different program models across the country to utilize some state resources to best meet individual state needs all in the arena of working with NASA education to meet NASA program goals.

--Space Grant Community Member

Space Grant Logic Model

- Inputs include other NASA funds and resources and matching funds but also leveraged funds, although the latter varies across consortia
- Program activities, with the exception of NASA sponsored research and under-represented student and workforce recruitment and development (fellowships and scholarships), were noted as highly variable across Space Grant consortia and consortium type.
- Outputs vary across consortia because of these variations in program strategy and also due to differences in definitions (e.g., fellowship)
- Outcomes also vary, although longitudinal tracking of students who continue further into academia or a STEM career was considered to be a common outcome measure.

Goal: contribute to the nation's science enterprise by funding education, research, and public service projects through a national network of university-based space grant consortia.

Objectives:

--establish and maintain a national network of universities with interests and capabilities in aeronautics, space, and related fields;

- --Encourage cooperative programs among universities, aerospace industry, and federal, state and local governments;
- --Encourage interdisciplinary training, research, and public service programs related to acrospace;
- --Recruit and train U.S. Citizens, especially women, underrepresented minorities, and persons with disabilities, for careers in aerospace science and technology; and
- --Promote a strong science, mathematics, and technology education base from elementary through secondary levels.

Inputs Strategies/activities Outputs Outcomes What we invest What we do What we create Short-term Intermediate-term Long-term NASA funding Fund SG scholarships. Number of scholarships, A stronger science, technology, Offer authentic, hands-on student NASA education outcome 2 attract and retain for space grant fellowships and center and other fellowships, and internships engineering, and mathematics students in STEM disciplines through a experiences in science and engineering consortia in each internships. awarded by institution; education base from elementary disciplines—active participation by progression of educational opportunities for state, DC and Number of awards made by through secondary levels (while students in hands-on learning or students, teachers, and faculty (educate and Puerto Rico demographic characteristics preparing teachers in these grade practice with experiences rooted in Develop new or revised courses, (including center (e.g., sex, age, race, levels to become more effective at long and short duration NASA- related, stem-focused questions internships. ethnicity, disability status); improving student academic and issues, and the incorporation of workshops, hands-on student fellowships, and # of students received outcomes) (SG obi1) real-life problem-solving as the context activities and other higher NASA education outcome 3; build strategic scholarships) significant investment for activities. (NOTE: NASA education education projects. partnerships and linkages between STEM formal (money and/or contact priorities in 2009 solicitation). Establish national network of and informal education providers that promote hours) universities with interests and STEM literacy and awareness of NASA's mission Emphasize diversity capabilities in aeronauties, space Trained and Number of courses, (engage and inspire) (underrepresented minority and Provide summer opportunities on and related fields (SG obj2) experienced staff workshops, and student institutional diversity) in each college campuses for secondary activities developed: program element. students, with the objective of increased Number of students Encourage cooperative programs enrollment in STEM disciplines or NASA education outcome 1: contribute to the attending courses. among universities, aerospace interest in STEM careers. (Listed as development of the science, technology, NASA 2014 Engage in collaborative efforts workshops and activities by industry, and federal, state and local NASA education priorities--2009 engineering, and mathematics (STEM) workforce with NASA personnel and strategic plan demographic characteristics governments. (SG obj 3) solicitation, p. 6). in disciplines needed to achieve NASA's strategic (e.g., Sex, age, race, goals (employ and educate) ethnicity, disability status). Encourage interdisciplinary Develop programs or efforts to Enhance the capability of teachers to training, research and public service Participation in Number and types of increase learning, to educate provide authentic, hands-on middle programs related to aerospace (SG CoSTEM collaborative efforts with NASA students, educators and the school student experiences in science obj 4) personnel and facilities general public. and engineering disciplines. (Listed as NASA education priorities-- 2009 Number and types of programs U.S. Citizens, especially women, solicitation, p. 6). NASA educator Competitively award NASA or efforts to increase learning. underrepresented minorities, and professional educate students, educators, persons with disabilities, are development and general public, by duration Develop new relationships with recruited for careers in aerospace (2 days or more) science and technology. (SG obj 5) community colleges as well as sustain Coordinate with EPSCoR effort Number of program attendees and strengthen existing institutional (i.e., No duplicate, support or relationships with community colleges. provide seed money for EPSCoR NASA education Number of affiliates, i.e., (Listed as NASA education priorities-effort) -only 26, 7, or 8 states) priorities Numbers and types of 2009 solicitation, p.7). partnerships with colleges (including community colleges) Activities in informal education and universities, federal, state. Diversified institutions, faculty, and Matching / and local governments, and student participants. (Listed as NASA leveraged funds Working with affiliates aerospace industries education priorities - 2009 solicitation) Ed146: 250,000 educators participate in NASA supported professional development, research, and internships that use NASA unique

Ed146: 250,000 educators participate in NASA supported professional development, research, and internships that use NASA unique STEM content

Ed148: 1 million elementary and secondary students participate in NASA STEM engagement activities

Ed145: maintain the NASA museum alliance and/or other STEM education strategic partnerships in no fewer than 30 states, us territories and /or dc.

PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

Data Collection

- Use the Space Grant logic model and data quality assessment to identify valid/reliable data to tell the Space Grant story
 - Continue to collect individual-level demographic information, such as gender, race, ethnicity, disability status, and institution attending of students who received scholarship/fellowship/internship and significant investment.
 - Continue to track participants longitudinally to capture if they are in the STEM pipeline or employed in a STEM field. NASA OE should specify a number of years after participation for tracking.
 - Continue data collection on affiliates and non-affiliates/partners and collect more systematic data on the nature of the relationship/partnership

Ensuring Data Quality

- Use clear definitions
- Report data collection methods including any uncertainty, such as potentially missing data
- Ensure access to student demographic information for fellowship, scholarship and funding awardees across consortia and affiliates.
- Establish data collection agreements with institutions

Consortia Reporting/OEPM

- Streamline the Space Grant data collection and reporting forms in the OEPM system with intent to reduce burden
- Ask consortia to report how their programming reflects their respective state's needs.
- Allow year round reporting to the OEPM system
- Office of Education should assess whether more people could have access to the OEPM system to enter data directly
- Office of Education should consider aligning consortial performance periods

Space Grant National Office Reporting

- Recommend Office of Education publish a program-level annual performance report in order to inform consortia about the status of the national program. The report should include:
 - Description of each consortium, to include program characteristics, area of focus, and key consortium outputs and outcomes;
 - Include qualitative data collection and analyses of report data to obtain more in-depth insight of Space Grant success and impact.
 - Presentation of key national indicators to assess the overall consortia's progress and outcomes



EVALUATION RECOMMENDATIONS

Evaluation Framework

Evaluation Question	Evaluation Approach	Data Collection Approach	Data Analysis Approach
EQ1a. Were Space Grant activities, as defined in the 2010 solicitation, carried out in compliance with Public Law 100-147?	Discrepancy Evaluation— requires operationalizing PL requirements.	Gather all available Space Grant activity descriptions from APD Reports, OEPM data, and State Consortia records	Qualitative—Comparison of documented Space Grant activities against PL requirements
EQ1b. Were Space Grant activities, as defined in the 2010 solicitation, carried out in alignment with the priorities of NASA Education and NASA research and technology development?	Discrepancy Evaluation— requires operationalizing NASA education and NASA research and technology development priorities.	Gather all available Space Grant activity descriptions from APD Reports, OEPM data, and State Consortia records	Qualitative—Comparison of documented Space Grant activities against NASA education and NASA research and technology development priorities
EQ2a. To what extent did funded activities engage the intended populations (i.e., diverse students, faculty, and institutions) as defined in the 2010 solicitation?	Descriptive assessment of available program data.	Gather all available Space Grant funded activity descriptions and engaged populations information from Student Data Tables, ADP reports, and selected OEPM data	QuantitativeDescriptive analysis of number/percentage of populations engaged
EQ2b. To what extent did funded activities meet program goals as defined in the 2010 solicitation?	Discrepancy Evaluation— requires definition of 2010 solicitation goals.	Gather all available Space Grant funded activity descriptions from Student Data Tables, ADP reports, State Consortia records, and selected OEPM data	QualitativeComparison of documented activities and 2010 solicitation goals
EQ3. To what extent did the methods of soliciting applications or requests, review of those requests, and awarding and distributing Space Grant funds support the quality of the results?	Multiple Case Study	Gather all available Space Grant funded activity descriptions from Student Data Tables, ADP reports, and selected OEPM data; operationalize "quality of results"	Quantitative—relationship between methods and quality of results; Qualitative—examine association of methods and quality of results as reported by Consortia

Evaluation Framework

EQ4a. What effective practices exist in Consortia partnerships among universities, federal, state, and local governments, and aerospace industries to encourage and facilitate the application of university resources to aerospace and related fields?	Multiple Case Study	Gather all available Space Grant activity descriptions from APD Reports, OEPM data; Interviews with State Consortia Directors	QualitativeDescriptive analysis of Space Grant Consortia practices identified as "effective" and their relationship to university resources expended
EQ4b. To what extent did these practices ensure the quality of results?	Multiple Case Study	Gather all available Space Grant activity descriptions from APD Reports, OEPM data	Qualitative—descriptive relationship between effective practices and quality of results
EQ5. What have been Space Grant's major contributions to NASA's education mission?	Discrepancy Evaluation—requires definition of "major" contributions	Gather all available Space Grant activity descriptions from APD Reports, OEPM data	Qualitative—Comparison of documented Space Grant activities against NASA education mission
EQ6. Given the national investment in Space Grant program, what, if any, new approaches to the management of Space Grant program should NASA consider for the future?	Summative Evaluation	Gather all available Space Grant activity descriptions from APD Reports, OEPM data; Interviews with State Consortia Directors	Qualitative—identification of new approaches to the management of Space Grant program
EQ7. In all, what are the challenges, barriers, and constraints encountered in ensuring high- quality results?	Multiple Case Study—requires definition of "high quality" results	Gather all available Space Grant activity descriptions from APD Reports, OEPM data; Interviews with State Consortia Directors	Qualitative—identification of challenges, barriers, and constraints encountered in project activities yielding high quality results

Feedback Welcome

- NASA Office of Education encourages the Space Grant community to submit comments about the logic model and the recommendations.
- Submit comments in writing no later than October 23, 2015, to:

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Next Steps

- Release of detailed technical assistance report on NASA Performance Assessment website
- Office of Education procurement of evaluation contractors currently underway
- Report recommendations and community feedback incorporated into revision of reporting and performance measurement requirements and solicitation for evaluation study
 - Launch of external evaluation study by early 2016
 - Revision of OEPM data model and reporting forms beginning in FY2017

National Space Grant College and Fellowship Evaluation Milestones Jan. '15 Oct. '14 **Apr' 15** July '14 2nd Qtr 1st Qtr 3rd Qtr 4th Qtr FY14/ **PHASE 1: Technical Briefing** Activities assistance for FY15 evaluation planning **Evaluation Procurement July '15** Jan. '16 Oct. '15 Apr' 16 4th Qtr 2nd Qtr 3rd Otr 1st Qtr Activities FY15 **Evaluation Procurement FY16 PHASE 2: Evaluation** Study **July '16** Oct '16 Apr. '17 Jan. '17 4th Qtr 3rd Qtr 4th Qtr 1st Qtr FY16/ Activities PHASE 3: **Release of Solicitation FY17** Public Comment **Period**

COMMENTS:

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The executive summary report is available at: http://www.nasa.gov/offices/education/performance/index.html

Thank you!